

Tourism

JOI Kingdom is an insular country consisting of *N* islands, numbered from 1 to *N*. The islands are connected by N - 1 bridges, numbered from 1 to N - 1. The bridge i ($1 \le i \le N - 1$) connects the island A_i and the island B_i bidirectionally. It is possible to travel from any island to any other island by passing through a number of bridges.

In JOI Kingdom, there are *M* sightseeing spots, numbered from 1 to *M*. The sightseeing spot j ($1 \le j \le M$) is located in the island C_j .

There are Q travelers. They plan to visit sightseeing spots in JOI Kingdom. The travelers are numbered from 1 to Q. Each traveler makes a trip in the following way.

- 1. The traveler chooses an island x ($1 \le x \le N$). Taking an airplane, the traveler arrives at the island x.
- 2. The traveler takes the following actions a number of times. The order and the kinds of actions are arbitrary.
 - The traveler chooses a sightseeing spot in the current island, and visits there.
 - The traveler moves to another island by passing through a bridge.
- 3. Taking an airplane, the traveler leaves JOI Kingdom.

The traveler k ($1 \le k \le Q$) wants to visit all of the sightseeing spots $L_k, L_k + 1, ..., R_k$. However, since the budget is limited, the traveler k wants to minimize the number of islands where the traveler k visits at least once.

Write a program which, given information of JOI Kingdom and the travelers, calculates, for each k ($1 \le k \le Q$), the minimum possible number of islands where the traveler k visits at least once.



Input

Read the following data from the standard input.

N M Q $A_1 B_1$ $A_2 B_2$ \vdots $A_{N-1} B_{N-1}$ $C_1 C_2 \cdots C_M$ $L_1 R_1$ $L_2 R_2$ \vdots $L_Q R_Q$

Output

Write Q lines to the standard output. The k-th line $(1 \le k \le Q)$ of output should contain the minimum possible number of islands where the traveler k visits at least once.

Constraints

- $1 \le N \le 100\,000.$
- $1 \le M \le 100\,000.$
- $1 \le Q \le 100\,000.$
- $1 \le A_i \le N \ (1 \le i \le N 1).$
- $1 \le B_i \le N \ (1 \le i \le N 1).$
- It is possible to travel from any island to any other island by passing through a number of bridges.
- $1 \le C_j \le N \ (1 \le j \le M).$
- $1 \leq L_k \leq R_k \leq M \ (1 \leq k \leq Q).$
- Given values are all integers.



Subtasks

- 1. (5 points) $N \le 300$, $M \le 300$, $Q \le 300$.
- 2. (5 points) $N \le 2000$, $M \le 2000$, $Q \le 2000$.
- 3. (7 points) $A_i = i$, $B_i = i + 1$ ($1 \le i \le N 1$).
- 4. (18 points) $L_1 = 1$, $R_k + 1 = L_{k+1}$ $(1 \le k \le Q 1)$, $R_Q = M$.
- 5. (24 points) $A_i = \left| \frac{i+1}{2} \right|$, $B_i = i + 1$ ($1 \le i \le N 1$). Here, $\lfloor x \rfloor$ is the largest integer not exceeding x.
- 6. (41 points) No additional constraints.

Sample Input and Output

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
762	4
1 2	6
1 3	
2 4	
2 5	
3 6	
3 7	
2 3 6 4 5 7	
1 3	
4 6	

The traveler 1 makes a trip in the following way, and visits all of the sightseeing spots 1, 2, 3.

- 1. The traveler 1 arrives at the island 2.
- 2. The traveler 1 visits the sightseeing spot 1 in the island 2.
- 3. The traveler 1 moves from the island 2 to the island 1 by passing through the bridge 1.
- 4. The traveler 1 moves from the island 1 to the island 3 by passing through the bridge 2.
- 5. The traveler 1 visits the sightseeing spot 2 in the island 3.
- 6. The traveler 1 moves from the island 3 to the island 6 by passing through the bridge 5.
- 7. The traveler 1 visits the sightseeing spot 3 in the island 6.
- 8. The traveler 1 departs from the island 6 and leaves JOI Kingdom.

The islands 1, 2, 3, 6 are the four islands where the traveler 1 visits at least once. If the number of islands



traveler 1 visits at least once is less than or equal to 3, it is impossible to visit all of the sightseeing spots 1, 2, 3. Therefore, output 4 in the first line.

The traveler 2 makes a trip in the following way, and visits all of the sightseeing spots 4, 5, 6.

- 1. The traveler 2 arrives at the island 3.
- 2. The traveler 2 moves from the island 3 to the island 7 by passing through the bridge 6.
- 3. The traveler 2 visits the sightseeing spot 6 in the island 7.
- 4. The traveler 2 moves from the island 7 to the island 3 by passing through the bridge 6.
- 5. The traveler 2 moves from the island 3 to the island 1 by passing through the bridge 2.
- 6. The traveler 2 moves from the island 1 to the island 2 by passing through the bridge 1.
- 7. The traveler 2 moves from the island 2 to the island 4 by passing through the bridge 3.
- 8. The traveler 2 visits the sightseeing spot 4 in the island 4.
- 9. The traveler 2 moves from the island 4 to the island 2 by passing through the bridge 3.
- 10. The traveler 2 moves from the island 2 to the island 5 by passing through the bridge 4.
- 11. The traveler 2 visits the sightseeing spot 5 in the island 5.
- 12. The traveler 2 departs from the island 5 and leaves JOI Kingdom.

The islands 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 are the six islands where the traveler 2 visits at least once. If the number of islands traveler 2 visits at least once is less than or equal to 5, it is impossible to visit all of the sightseeing spots 4, 5, 6. Therefore, output 6 in the second line.

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtasks 1, 2, 4, 5, 6.



Contest 3 – Tourism

Sample Input 2	Sample Output 2
8 8 9	3
1 2	4
2 3	6
3 4	6
4 5	3
5 6	6
6 7	1
78	6
8 6 4 3 5 2 4 7	3
3 5	
4 6	
6 8	
1 4	
2 3	
6 8	
5 5	
2 8	
1 2	

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtasks 1, 2, 3, 6.



Contest 3 – Tourism

Sample Input 3	Sample Output 3
10 7 9	1
6 5	6
3 6	6
93	4
8 3	3
78	1
7 1	7
2 5	5
7 10	4
8 4	
9 4 10 1 10 7 6	
4 4	
1 3	
1 3	
6 7	
3 6	
3 3	
1 5	
2 5	
1 2	

This sample input satisfies the constraints of Subtasks 1, 2, 6.